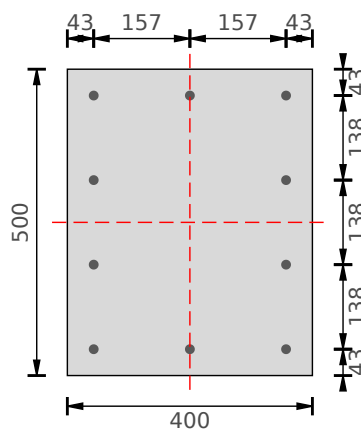




Input Summary

Input	Description	Value
$R$	<b>Fire Duration</b> <i>Required fire resistance time</i>	R30
$shape$	<b>Section Shape</b> <i>Section shape</i>	Rectangular
$H$	<b>Height</b> <i>Height of the section</i>	500 mm
$B$	<b>Width</b> <i>Width of the section</i>	400 mm
$Cb1$	<b>Cover <math>C_b</math></b> <i>Concrete cover</i>	35 mm
$num_x$	<b>Num. of Rebar along X</b> <i>Rebar quantity between corners along X axis</i>	1
$num_y$	<b>Num. of Rebar along Y</b> <i>Rebar quantity between corners along Y axis</i>	2
$d_c$	<b>Rebar d at Corners</b> <i>Corner Rebar diameter</i>	16 mm
$d_s$	<b>Rebar d along Sides</b> <i>Rebar diameter between corners along sides</i>	16 mm
$f_c$	<b>Concrete Strength</b> <i>Concrete compressive strength</i>	30 MPa
$f_s$	<b>Rebar Yielding</b> <i>Rebar yielding</i>	500 MPa
$N$	<b>Axial N</b> <i>Axial Force (sign + makes compression)</i>	600 kN
$M_x$	<b>Bending <math>M_x</math></b> <i>Bending about X axis (sign + makes top section fiber compressed)</i>	100 kN-m
$M_y$	<b>Bending <math>M_y</math></b> <i>Bending about Y axis (sign + makes right section fiber compressed)</i>	5 kN-m

Section view



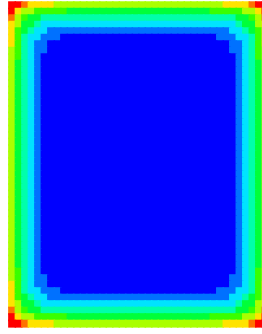
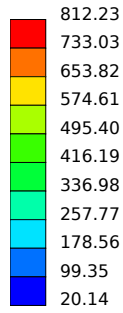
[EN 1992-1-2:2004](#)

Temperature distribution in section elements in case of R30

EN 1992-1-2:2004  
(ANNEX A)

### Temperature in concrete

Temp. °C



EN 1992-1-2:2004  
(4.2.4.3)

### Temperature in reinforcement

Rebar temperature °C

Rebar 1: 244.73

Rebar 2: 244.73

Rebar 3: 244.73

Rebar 4: 244.73

Rebar 5: 139.82

Rebar 6: 139.82

Rebar 7: 139.82

Rebar 8: 139.82

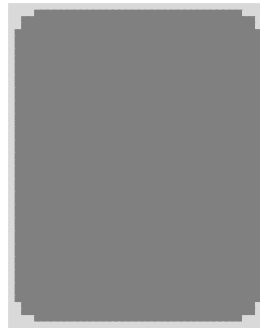
Rebar 9: 139.82

Rebar 10: 139.82



EN 1992-1-2:2004  
(ANNEX B)

500 °C isotherm reduced section sizes: B 380 mm. H 480 mm



[EN 1992-1-2:2004](#)  
[EN 1992-1-1:2004](#)

### Section strength check in fire action R30

Axial + Flexure check

Actual bending moment in section

$$M_{zy} = \sqrt{M_z^2 + M_y^2} = \sqrt{100.00^2 + 5.00^2} = 100.12 \text{ kN-m}$$

$$e_{xy} = M_{zy} / N_{Edx} = 100.12 / 600.00 = 0.16687$$

$$N_{Rd} = \eta \cdot f_{cd} \cdot (A_c - A_{st}) + f_{yd} \cdot A_{st} = 4441.97 \text{ kN}$$

Axial + flexure capacity

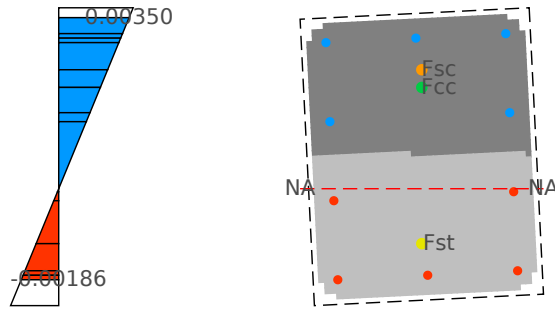
$$N_r = 1928.09 \text{ kN}, M_{Rd} = 321.57 \text{ kN-m}$$

UTILITY:  
0.31

$$N_{Edx} = 600.00 \text{ kN} \leq N_r = 1928.09 \text{ kN} \text{ (Ratio: 0.311)}$$

$$M_{zy} = 100.12 \text{ kN-m} \leq M_{Rd} = 321.57 \text{ kN-m} \text{ (Ratio: 0.311)}$$

$$N_{Edx} = 600.00 \text{ kN} \leq N_{Rd} = 4441.97 \text{ kN} \text{ (Ratio: 0.135)}$$



## Results Summary

Result Name	Results
UTILITY RATIOS	
Utility Ratio	0.31

## About this Calculator



**Calculator Name:** EN 1992-1-2 Fire Resistance Calculator

**Description:** Design based on 500°C isotherm method. This method is applicable to a standard fire exposure and any other time heat regimes, which cause similar temperature fields in the fire exposed member.

Powered by



**URL:** [https://platform.skyciv.com/quick-design?uid=3004-fire-resistance-calculator&R=R30&shape=Rectangular&H=500&B=400&Cb1=35&num\\_x=1&num\\_y=2&d\\_c=16&d\\_s=16&fc=30&fs=500&N=600&Mx=100&My=5](https://platform.skyciv.com/quick-design?uid=3004-fire-resistance-calculator&R=R30&shape=Rectangular&H=500&B=400&Cb1=35&num_x=1&num_y=2&d_c=16&d_s=16&fc=30&fs=500&N=600&Mx=100&My=5)

**Contact:** support@skyciv.com